Now available:

Roanoke Doppler Printed Circuit Board

After a looong time, we have finally finished the production of a PCB for a version of the Roanoke Doppler for \$18 (non-profit).

This Doppler design was based on the well-known Roanoke Doppler system as described and enhanced in Transmitter Hunting by Curlee and Moell (TAB Books). Minor modifications have been made to provide such things as reduced chip count and and audio amplifier for the internal speaker.

Included in the package are:

Cover letter (similar to this announcement)
Printed Circuit Board (7.5"x5.5", 2 sides, solder masked, silkscreen)
Complete schematic
Component layout sheet
Parts List

The user is assumed to be an experienced builder since complete building instructions are NOT included (i.e. its not a Heathkit). It is STRONGLY recommended that the user purchase the Transmitter Hunting book referenced above. It includes a description of the device, theory of operation, building methods, a complete description of the antenna array that must be built, checkout and alignment.

The components are, for the most part, readily available from your local electronics supply or surplus store. If you live in an area without these resources, we are working with Minuteman Electronics in the Fremont, CA area to produce a complete components kit for the Doppler system. Stay tuned for details.

The production of this board is thanks to a number of people:

W6PIY - West Valley Amateur Radio Club - kicked off the whole idea KK6VF - Kevin - PC'd the design and saw it through the process Leonard Bernal - layout for the board (several times)
N6PFL - Alan - initial checkout and provided pointers
WB6GBE - Doug - Detailed checkout and corrections

If you would like to evaluate the PCB, the documents listed above are available for electronic distribution (for free), or via mail (for a SASE). Electronic documents are a combination of ASCII text and Postscript files.

Finances: No one is making any money on this effort. The cost of the board just barely covers our costs (assuming I sell them all). The cost is \$18/board. If I need to send it via the Post Office, please add \$3 for postage (1st class) and a mailing envelope.

To purchase a board, please contact me using one of the following methods. I prefer a check (made out to me) or (if you insist) COD.

Mail: Greg Bassett

141 Sobrante Court Fremont, CA 94536

Internet: bassett@merlot.enet.dec.com

DEC Internal: MERLOT::BASSETT

WRO3-3/R15 DTN 521-3474

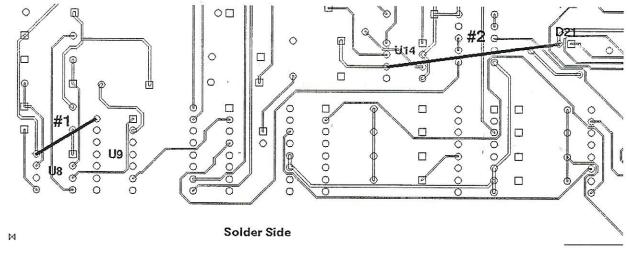
Work Phone: (408) 496-3474

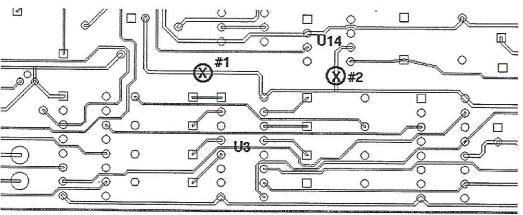
Errata for Roanoke Doppler PCB

2-November-1992 - KJ6EP

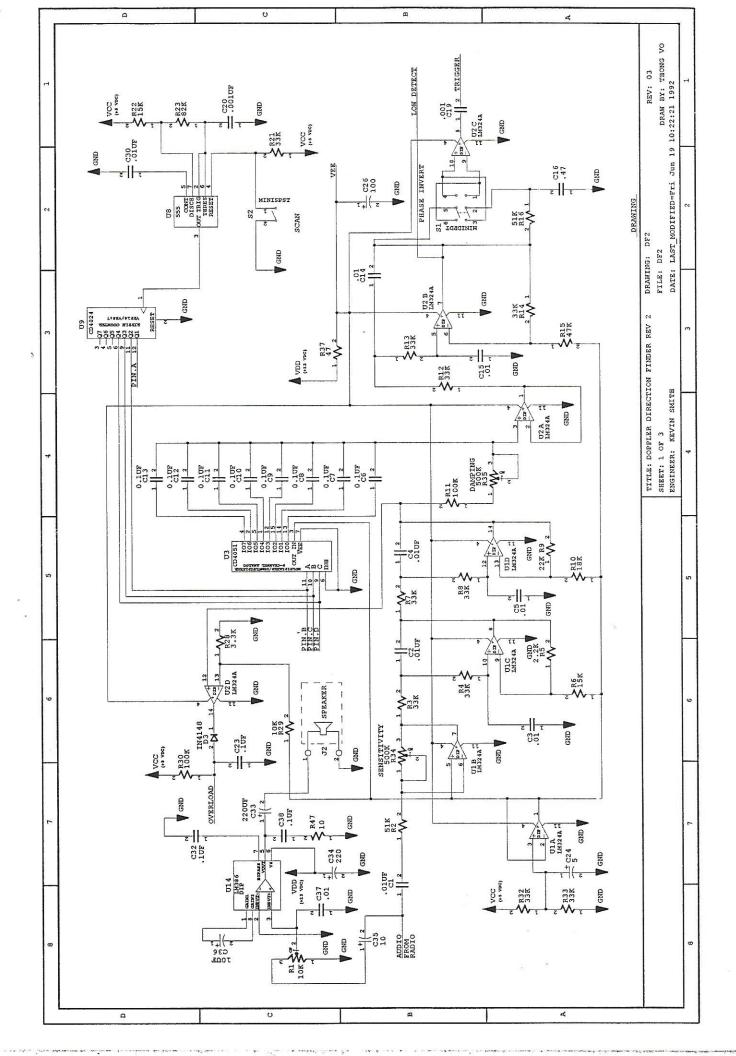
This document will describe corrections to the PCB and documentation for the Roanoke Doppler PCB developed by KK6VF.

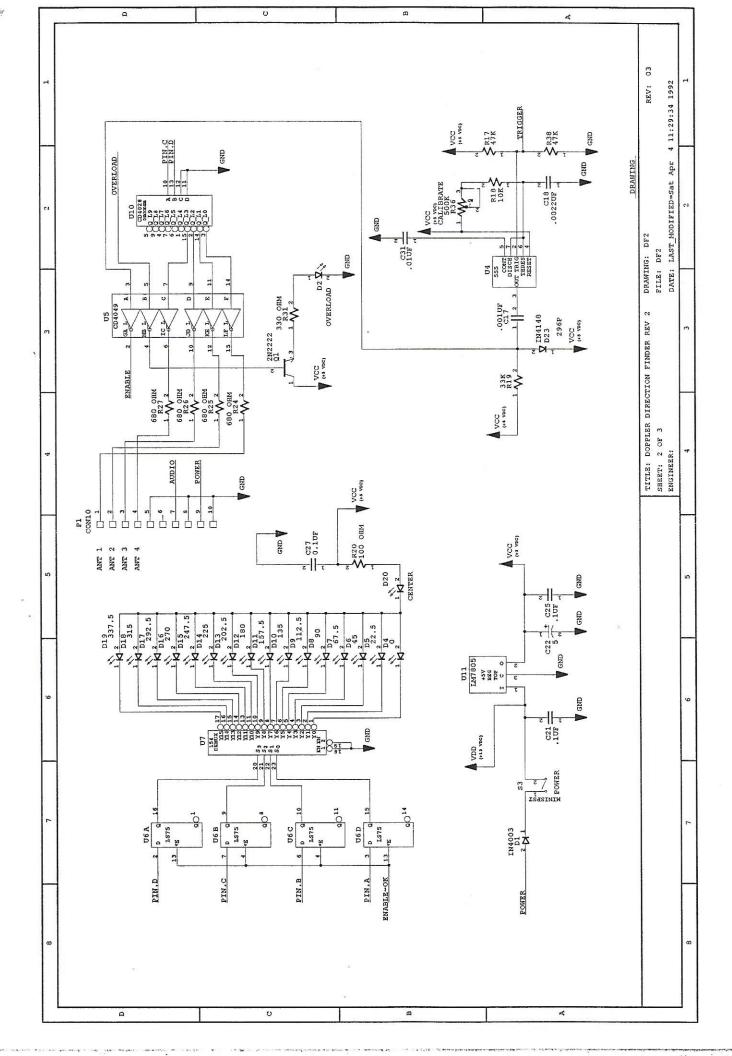
- 1. In the parts list dated *October 1992*, R1 is improperly defined as a 25 ohm pot. The schematic properly shows R1 as 10K. Please update the parts list to reflect this change.
- 2. When placing and mounting R1, please check for proper rotation direction for volume control. There are ways that R1 could be mounted that would result in backwards direction for increasing the internal speaker's volume. You may need to reverse pins 1 & 3.
- 3. The square hole for D2 is not properly marked. The cathode of the diode should be placed in the round hole.
- 4. The power supply for the CMOS chips was improperly changed to 12v. Perform the following 2 steps to change the voltage back to 5v.
 - a. Cut the trace on the component side that runs between D21 pin 2 (round) and U3 pin 16. It is shown on the drawing below as "X" #1.
 - b. Insert a jumper on the solder side of the board from U8 pin 8 to U9 pin 14. It is shown on the drawing below as jumper #1.
- 5. If the interal audio power is too low for your environment, it may be nessecary to increase the voltage to the audio amplifier IC. If this is needed, perform the following 2 steps:
 - a. Cut the vertical trace on the component side that runs between U14 pin 6 and the horizantal trace. It is shown on the drawing below as "X" #2.
 - b. Insert a jumper on the solder side of the board from U14 pin 6 to D21 pin 2 (round). It is shown on the drawing below as jumper #2.

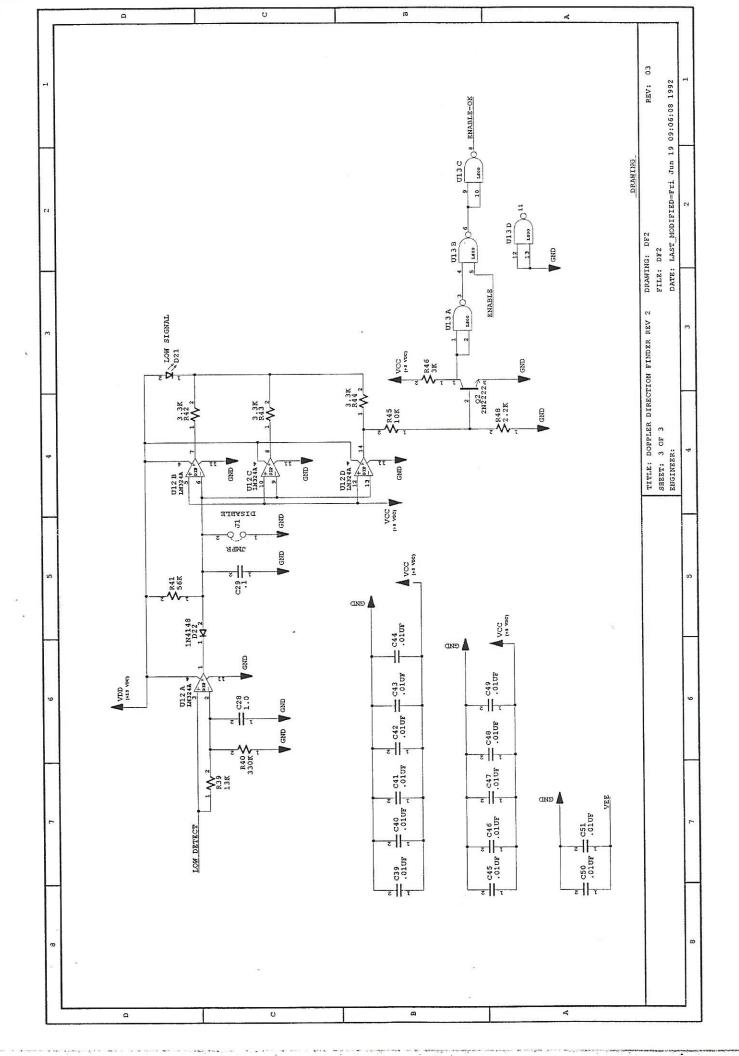


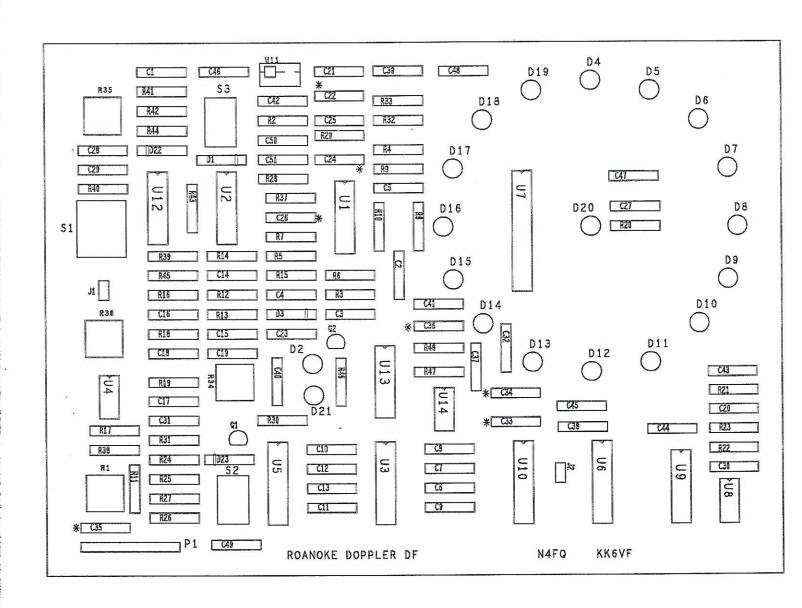


Component Side









This doppler DF unit was designed based on the Transmitter hunting book by Moell and Curlee. That book must be used as reference and to supply the design for the antenna switching system.

This unit is the October 1992 design Revision 0. This document updated November 1992

This is the parts list for the doppler df unit.

```
Resistors (in ohms)
        R47
10
47
        R37
100
        R20
330
        R31
        R24, R25, R26, R27
680
2.2K
        R5, R48
        R46
ЗK
3.3K
        R28, R42, R43, R44
        R18, R29, R45
10K
13K
        R39
15K
        R6, R22
18K
        R10
22K
        R9
        R3, R4, R7, R8, R12, R13, R14, R19, R21, R32, R33
33K
47K
        R15, R17, R38
        R2, R16
51k
        R41
56K
82K
        R23
100K
        R11, R30
330K
        R40
Pots:
10K
        R1
500K
        R34, R35, R36
Capacitors (in mfds):
.001
        C17, C19, C20
.0022.
        C18
        C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C14, C15, C30, C31, C37,
.01
        C39, C40, C41, C42, C43, C44, C45, C46, C47, C48, C49, C50, C51
        C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, C11, C12, C13, C21, C23, C25, C27, C29, C32, C38
.1
.47
        C16
        C28 (NON-POLARIZED ELECTROLITIC - RADIAL LEADS)
1
        C22, C24 (ELECTROLITIC - RADIAL LEADS)
4.7
        C35, C36 (ELECTROLITIC - RADIAL LEADS)
10
100
        C26 (ELECTROLITIC - RADIAL LEADS)
220
        C33, C34 (ELECTROLITIC - RADIAL LEADS)
Diodes:
1N4003
        D1
        D3, D22, D23
1N4148
Leds:
         (15ma max.)
        D2, D4, D5, D6, D7, D8, D9, D10, D11, D12
        D13, D14, D15, D16, D17, D18, D19, D20, D21
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```
LM324
        U1, U2, U12
CD4051
        U3
555
        U4, U8
CD4049
        U5
74LS75
        U6
74HC154 U7 (Narrow body part - 300 mil spacing - National part)
CD4024
        U9
CD4028
        U10
LM7805 U11
74LS00 U13
LM386
        U14
Transistors:
2N2222 Q1, Q2
Switches:
DPDT
      S1
SPST
        S2, S3
Misc:
Box
        6x8x2 inches (appox)
Power cord with inline fuse
Audio cord to go between P1 and reciever audio out (earphone jack)
Speaker (8 ohms)
Connectors:
6 PIN
       Pl pins 1-6 (ANTENNA) pin 6 is not used
2 PIN
       P1 pins 7-8 (AUDIO)
2 PIN
      P1 pins 9-10 (POWER)
2 PIN
       J1 (Shorting jumper to disable Low Detect circuit)
2 PIN
       J2 (SPEAKER)
Note: Connector P1 can be a single 10 pin connector on .1" centers.
Antenna Parts:
MPN-3401 D1, D2, D3, D4 (PIN Diodes)
6.8uh
       L1, L2, L3, L4
680pf
      C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8
      Coax - 8 pieces 1/4 wavelenth long times velocity factor of coax.
RG174
                        (13.25" for 146MHz at velocity factor of .66)
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Notes:

IC's:

The square pad on the PCB is pin 1 for the device. This does not apply to ${\tt Q1}$ and ${\tt Q2}$.

The pinout for U11 (as viewed from the silkscreen side) is 1 2.

When installing P1, J1, and J2 connectors, You may want to put them on the solder side of the PCB, depending on your installation.

When the jumper is in on J1, the low detect circuit is disabled and the LOW DETECT LED (D21) will always be off.

The SCAN switch (S2) STOPS the scan when turned ON. You may want to mount this switch upside down so it makes sense on the panel.

The test board (version 1) drew 77ma@12vdc on the test bench without an antenna 3 LED's were lit.

